# Hawaii Employee A Monthly Newsletter from Your EAP Taking Care of the Human Side of Hawaii Businesses



### Soft Skills... The Ability



### he Ability to Listen

**istening well** isn't just about hearing information. Listening well builds relationships. Remember this

crucial role of communication and you may be motivated to do away with some of these common annoyances that sabotage relationships: 1) Distracting yourself—texting, picking up, straightening things—when someone is speaking. 2) Interrupting because you are suddenly reminded of something "more important" to say. 3) Showing impatience by responding to the speaker before information has been completely conveyed. 4) Listening only enough to grasp the nature of a problem and ignoring the speaker's need to tell the story. 5) Asking the speaker to hurry up and finish. 6) Ceasing to listen when you hear something with which you disagree, and instead starting to think of how to respond.



**S** martphones, tablets, laptops, and computers dominate our lives. Could you use a "digital detox"? A digital detox is when you switch it all off—eliminate texting, posting, chatting, and snapping for an uninterrupted break. Sound good? If so, try it for a few hours at first. Work your way up to a day or two. Begin by sharing your plan with others. Pick a realistic time like a weekend, and prepare to feel anxious, fearful, guilty, or a little selfish. It's part of the experience—and it might make you more determined to try it. Explore more: [search "digital detox"]

# **Find More Energy** When You Come Home

**f you're flopping** on the couch at the end of the day instead of tackling your to-do list, try these energizing tips: 1) Revive with 20 minutes of exercise. 2) Take a 25-minute nap. (Studies show a short snooze is perfect for improving alertness.) 3) Stave off afternoon blahs with snacks of whole grains, fruits and vegetables, and protein. Avoid candy and chips. 4) Become a better night sleeper by easing into bed. Read, take a hot bath, and avoid computer screens before bedtime. Try these four strategies over the next seven days, and see if you get more stuff done.

## Dealing with a Holiday Debt Hangover

There's no pill for a holiday debt hangover, but you can make it disappear faster. Here are the key steps in every approach: 1) Stop borrowing. 2) Begin immediately to spend less than you earn. 3) Use the balance to pay off the debt. 4) Track your spending, and create a budget. 5) Begin saving immediately, and create a fund for emergencies. 6) Pay off your highest credit card first—in most cases this is best. Discover different strategies at the national Consumer Credit Counseling Services website Credit.org/cccs. Counselors can speak with you by phone, but be sure to check out the CCCS blog too,

where tons of topic-specific articles exist. Idea: Next year try low or nocost gifts for friends and family. Google "list of low or no-cost gift ideas" and you will discover hundreds of thoughtful ideas that are caring and just plain awesome.



# Easily Manage Difficult Customers

Difficult customers are easier to manage if you use simple typologies to understand them. Consider these five types of customers: Aggressive, Uncommunicative, Entitled, Know-it-all, and Complainer. Manage aggressive customers by remaining calm and politely offering solutions. This extinguishes their volatility. Uncommunicative customers expect you to read their minds. Know your product, and ask questions to determine their needs. Entitled customers want you to see them as special. Respond to them as an attentive agent and you'll earn their admiration. Know-it-all customers enjoy thinking they are smarter than you. Don't fight them. Instead, ask permission to show them what they may not know. They stay in control this way, and they'll praise you as a professional. Complaining customers have a simpler model. Win them over by apologizing first, then fixing the problem, and lastly explaining what happened. Your role in handling these five typologies is the key to successful outcomes with each of them. Responding effectively takes practice, but it will allow you to work under stress, feel more in control, and enjoy your job more.

#### Hawaii Employee

### **Success with New Year's Resolutions**

eep New Year's resolutions with these proven steps: 1) Break your goal into many very achievable steps. 2) Create accountability by telling those you admire and look up to what you will accomplish. 3) Remind yourself daily of the benefits of achieving the goal. Use a reminder system so you don't forget. 4) Give yourself a small reward for every step

achieved. 5) Track daily progress in a visual form—spreadsheet, refrigerator calendar, etc.another reminder so you do not forget to do it. 6) Expect setbacks along the way. Don't get angry about them—get even!



C tudies have shown that worry can for example, can be a risk factor for

# Parents Do Have **Influence After All**

ontrary to what you might have heard, parents-not friends-are the number one influencer of teens' behavioral choices. Monitoring teen behavior (e.g. "Where are you going, and with whom? Here's what time you need to be back.") reduces behavioral risk among teens. Over 75% of teen pregnancies are unplanned, and the highest rate of new HIV

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infections occurs among young people aged 20 to 24. Research shows that when parents set rules for their kids and monitor them, sexual intercourse occurs later in life, and if teens happen to be sexually active, better parent communication influences behavior to reduce unwanted pregnancy into the future. Model good behavior, communicate, and keep an eye on what your teens do. Source: www.nlm.nih.gov/ medlineplus/ [search: 155968] and www.nyu.edu/research/researchnews.html [search "sexuality-and-relationships"]

# Stake years off your life. Lack of sleep, for example, some here a risk forter for

Alzheimer's disease. Personal strategies for managing worry are therefore as important as diet, exercise, and not smoking. Cope with worry by taking action with questions and exercises that help you gain control of the target issue. 1) Talk about what's worrying you with a significant other, spouse, partner, or trusted friend. 2) Get sound facts about the "what ifs" so worry does not cause your imagination to run away with you. 3) Jot down your worries on paper so you can clearly see what they are. 4) Consider how unrealistic each of your worries really is. 5) Write down a strategy or intervention step for each worry. 6) Decide on a timeline for implementing each strategy. 7) Repeat the steps above, daily if needed, to feel relief and gain better control over your worries. Use these skills when worries overtake you, and make them a part of your life management playbook. (Seek an EAP consult if you continue to struggle with worry associated with past events you can't change.)



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